2018-04-11 - Roswell - 10 km



Click on one of the walks below for directions to the event.

Appaplachian Trail Georgia

Web Reg: www.cva4u.org

Athens YRE - Web Reg : www.cva4u.org

Atlanta - Capital

Atlanta - Beltline Eastside Trail

Atlanta - Fayetteville

Atlanta - Mableton- SCT - New Start Point

Atlanta - P Sitv YRE

Atlanta - Roswell YRE

Atlanta - Mount in - New Start Point

Columbus-Oxbow Meadows/Infantry Museum

Columbus-Riverwalk and Historic Downtown

Dahlonega YRE

Helen YRF

Madison YRE

2018 Year Round Events

Click for 2018 Brochure

What is a Year-Round Event Volksmarch?

Unlike regular Volksmarch events which have pre-set Start/Finish times and are normally conducted on weekends, a YRE may be walked daily. It is a non-competitive walk through a scenic or historic area that participants may travel at their own pace thus making it an excellent activity for the whole family. Anyone who completes the course and pays the fee is eligible to receive an award for their efforts.

INFORMATION FOR ALL YEAR-ROUND EVENTS

CONDITIONS

Everyone is welcome to participate. Children under 12 must be accompanied by an adult. Pets must be on a leash at all times. Litter should be discarded in the proper receptacles. No alcoholic beverages are allowed along the course.

DISCLAIMERS

Every effort is being expended to make these events safe, enjoyable and memorable. The sponsors are not liable for accidents, theft, or material damage.

REGISTRATION

There is no pre-registration for Year-Round Events. Registration fee for all of these events is \$3.00 per event for credit. Those who desire neither award nor credit may walk for free. However, every person must register and begin with a start card. IVV Event and Distance Credit can be entered into your record books each time you partipate in these events.

AWARDS

All of our YRE's for 2018 are Credit Events only. B award \$4.00

"B" awards are available in some of the boxes of these event.





Dates:	1/2/2018 - 12/31/2018
City / State:	Roswell, GA
Event Name:	Historic Downtown
Event Type:	Year Round Walk
Event ID:	109448 2018/Y1700
Distance - Trail Ratings:	10km, 5km - 2B
Description:	M-F 9am-5pm, Sat 10am-4pm, Sun 12pm-3pm. Closed on normal holidays. See website http://www.visitroswellga.com for town information. This event is on sidewalks and gravel trails through Historic Roswell. Walkers will pass City Hall, the Vietnam "Faces of War" Memorial, pre-Civil War homes and churches, Civil War ruins of the Roswell Mill, the monument to the lost mill workers, Founders Cemetery, Bulloch Hall-the childhood home of Mittie Bulloch Roosevelt (mother of President Teddy Roosevelt). Jimmy Carter's "Roswell White House" and the Town Square. Several antique stores, art galleries, gift shops and cafes are available along the route.
Amenities:	Strollers: Medium Wheelchairs: hard Pets: Yes Restrooms: Yes
Special Programs:	Make a Wish at a Water Fountain, Take a Walk In a City Park, Vice Presidential Walks, Walk the USA - Street by Street, Walking the USA A - Z
Start Times:	Mon-Fri 9am-5pm, Sat 10am-4pm, Sun 12pm-3pm
Location:	Roswell Visitors Center
Start Point / Driving Directions:	617 Atlanta, Roswell, GA 30075, 770-640-3253 or 1-800-776-7935. Atlanta take I-85 N to GA 400 N. Go N on GA 400. Exit 6 for Northridge, slight right at Northridge. 1st right to Dunwoody. Right at Roswell, continue to S Atlanta. Right on Sloan for parking behind VC, on corner of Atlanta and Sloan.
Awards & Fees:	IVV Credit Only
Comments:	
Host Club:	Georgia Walkers
Contact:	Linda Becker (404) 695-7530
Website:	georgiawalkers.homestead.com/
E-Mail Contact:	LBecker@psu.edu

HISTORIC ROSWELL 5km OR 10km WALKS - YRE 1700 (rating 2B) ©

History: There were 6 "founding families". Roswell King and his son Barrington settled the area in the 1830s to build a textile mill on Vickery Creek, You will see the read the historical markers along on Vickery Creek. You will see their names and their homes throughout the walk. Be sure to read the historical markers along the way. The formillary the way. the way. The families were: King, Bulloch, Smith, Dunwoody, Pratt, and Hand, many of whom were related.

Underline qualifies for a special event Civil War Battlefields, Fraternal Organization, Honoring Our Flag, National Register of History Co. Register of Historic Places (3 houses), Trekking with the Trees, You'll Never Walk Alone, Water towers

- Exit Visitor's Center, turn R to corner of Sloan and turn R onto Sloan Street Take Sloan Street to Mill Street (note the Old Bricks sign) R on Mill Street 1.
- Stay on Mill Street bearing L, pass the Roswell Mill (green roof) going downhill¹ 2. 3.
- Pass through the Old Mill Park arch to the covered bridge but do not cross to the other side Take path by old brick building & continue keeping Vickery Creek on R (gravel & boardwalk) 4 5
- 6.
- Take either the upper or lower boardwalk to the waterfall (generated power for the mill)
- Continue past the waterfall and up the steep cement hill to the L 7. 8.
- R on King's Mill Ct. one block then L on Sloan Street 10. On the R enter Founders' Cemetery up the steps, walk around, and return down the steps 9. (Roswell King, James Bullock, and John Dunwoody are buried here)
- Continue to the R on Sloan Street to the park and monument 11.
- 12. Read the story of the mill workers on the monument
- Check point: On what date was the mill burned? 13. With the park on the R, take Vickery Street to Mill St., cross and turn L then R on brick walk
- 14. At the top of the hill, cross Atlanta Street then Marietta Hwy. at the cross walks
- 15. Enter Barrington Hall property up the steps by the sign (home of Barrington King)
- 16. R on the pathway, then L towards the house, keeping the house to the left go around house
- 17. Continue across the grass, through the gardens, and back to the steps
- 18. Exit the property where you came in, cross Marietta Hwy and enter Town Square
- 19. Go to the obelisk fountain in center, walk around it, and read the names of the families
- 20. Exit the park at the opening near the Pratt stone to Mimosa St. and cross over Mimosa
- Walk the length of Bulloch Street noting the 3 historic homes. At Bulloch Hall², take the U-shaped path to the front of the house and return on the other side back to Mimosa St.
- 22. L on Mimosa. Note Primrose Cottage (Eliza King Hand) and Great Oaks (Rev. Pratt)
- 23. FOR 5K at First Baptist Church, cross Mimosa at crosswalk, turn R and L at Park Square (short street), cross Atlanta St. and arrive at Visitors Center
- 24. FOR 10K continue on Mimosa (note Presbyterian Church on R which Pratt started in 1839)3
- 25. Cross Magnolia at the crosswalk (you are now 1/2 way) and turn R to the intersection (Note the historic marker near bank about Roswell King's log home)
- 26. Turn L on Canton Street (many unique restaurants and shops) and continue to traffic light
- 27. Cross Canton & Woodstock, R on Woodstock walking on sidewalk on L side of road (water tower)
- 28. At the trail marker by the cemetery, turn L and follow trail until it exits at the street
- 29. Turn R on Alpharetta Hwy. (Note marker for Old Methodist Church now Masonic Temple)
- 30. Pass fire station and fire museum to the light at Norcross and cross Norcross
- 31. At crosswalk, turn L crossing Alpharetta, continue on Norcross on R side
- Turn R onto Josephine Skinner Way (Library on L has restrooms), cross street at CAC
- 33. Lat Cultural Arts Center building, cross parking lot and through the brick arch and bridge
- 34. R across parking lot past gazebo to white sign for Smith Plantation and Gardens
- 35. Enter grounds and keeping the house on L, walk around the house and gardens (Restrooms)
- 36. When returned to the front of the house, exit grounds going toward City Hall (flag)
- 37. Keeping the City Hall building on the left, follow the brick path to the Faces of War Memorial Checkpoint: When was the memorial dedicated?

- 38. Continue past the memorial on the brick path keeping City Hall on L, then across parking lot to stop sign at the corner
- 39. At the corner of Hill & Ellis, cross Hill to Ellis and pass the Law Enforcement Center
- 40. Continue on the R side of Ellis to Oak Street. R on Oak (Oak Street Café is good)
- 41. Cross Oak St. at Pleasant Hill Rd. and enter the Presbyterian Cemetery⁵ at the black marker
- 42. There is no path, but wander around and find Barrington King's memorial (tall pillar with urn on top) and other notable citizens
- 43. Exit cemetery the way you came in and continue on Pleasant Hill Rd.
- 44. At Oxbo Street R to Atlanta Street, then L on Atlanta Street to the Visitors' Center (The Public House next door is the former mill company store and is now a restaurant)

Footnotes:

(1) The dam was built in 1836 and has been modified several times. Originally, a set of wooden planks across the top of the dam allowed carriages to cross the river. The metal racks that held the planks are still visible at the top of the dam.

Despite the economic downturn after the Panic of 1837, the mill continued to operate. Barrington King, Roswell's son, expanded the operation with other water-powered businesses including a grist mill, carding shop (where wool was processed), and a saw mill.

When the war began Roswell Mill produced the famous "Roswell Gray" that is so closely associated with the Rebel troops. During the Atlanta Campaign, Roswell Mill was a major target for William Sherman's forces. He ordered Brigadier General Kennar Garrard to advance and take the mill and attempt to secure the bridge across the Chattahoochee River south of the mill.

On Sunday, July 10, the workers (who were women and female children) may have been sexually assaulted by Union infantry soldiers prior to the arrival of Garrard's cavalry to take them to Marietta. Exactly what happened to the women once they reached Marietta is unknown. Some were taken north to Louisville, Kentucky, where they were released north of the Ohio River. Some remained in Marietta, according to contemporary accounts of the incident. Northern papers reacted strongly to the transportation and imprisonment of the women, and to releasing the women in the north.

After the war portions of the original mill were rebuilt. In 1872 a new mill wheel was added, but it was difficult to rely on water power. In 1897 the mill wheel was replaced with a wood-fired steam generator, and in 1947 the mill was purchased by Southern Mills, who updated the buildings and began to purchase electricity from Georgia Power. The mill produced its final bolt of cotton cloth in 1975. It was a victim of foreign competition.

(2) On December 23, 1853, at Bulloch Hall, Martha ("Mittie") Bulloch, daughter of James Stephens Bulloch and his wife Martha, one of the founding families of the church, was married to Theodore Roosevelt, Sr., of New York City. They later became the parents of "Teddy," the future President of the United States; and of Elliott, whose daughter Anna Eleanor became Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt. Thus, Mittie became the mother of a President and the grandmother of the wife of a President. In 1905 President Theodore Roosevelt visited the Roswell Presbyterian Church and Bulloch Hall.

The W.J. Dolvin house, home of President Carter's aunt, is located next to Bulloch Hall in the Historic District of Roswell and is often referred to as "President Jimmy Carter's Roswell White House". It is one of the few examples of late-Victorian

- (3) In 1864, during the War Between the States, Roswell was occupied by Union troops who used the Presbyterian church architecture in the city. as a hospital. Memorabilia of those days still remain. The door of an old cabinet, removed by Union soldiers who painted a as a nospital. Internorabilità or triose days suil remain. The door of an old cabillet, removed by Union soldiers who painted a checkerboard on it, can be seen in the History Room. Also there is the original church Bible, with the words, "Run, John run, the checkerboard on it, can be seen in the History Room. Also there is the original church communicated the frontieries by a soldier. The original church communicated the frontieries by a soldier. The original church communicated the frontieries by a soldier. checkerboard on it, can be seen in the history room. Also there is the original church communion silver, hidden during the war, is Yanks will get you," scribbled on the frontispiece by a soldier. The original church communion silver, hidden during the war, is Yanks will get you, scrippled on the trontispiece by a soldier. The original church communion silver, hidden during the war, is displayed on the table at each communion service. The Reverend and Mrs. Pratt, refusing to leave their home and the church, occupied the upstairs of their home while Union officers were quartered below
 - (4) Smith Plantation was built by one of the town's founding fathers, Archibald Smith. For over 150 years, the Smith's (4) Smith Plantation was built by one of the town's founding rathers, Archibald Smith. For over 150 years, the Smith's Plantation Home has stood the test of time as The Civil War was brought to its front steps, and all around it, the small mill village plantation Home has stood the test of time as The Civil War was brought to its front steps, and all around it, the small mill village Plantation Home has stood the test of time as The Civil War was brought to its front steps, and all around it, the small mill village of Roswell erupted into a bustling metropolitan suburb. Perfectly preserved are the Smiths two-story farm house, complete with the small mill village, including servents quarters a cook house, smake house, comparison have considered to the small mill village. of Roswell erupted into a busiling metropolitan suburb. Perfectly preserved are the smiths two-story farm house, complete with outbuildings, including servants quarters, a cook house, smoke house, corn crib, barn, carriage house, well, and spring house. The busiless of the Archibald Smith family lived in this home and saved all of their helogings. outbuildings, including servants quarters, a cook nouse, smoke house, com cho, barn, carnage house, well, and spring nouse, Three generations of the Archibald Smith family lived in this home and saved all of their belongings, large and small, important Three generations of the Archibald Smith family lived in this nome and saved all of their belongings, large and small, important trivial, broken or whole. The home and grounds have become one of the best examples of architectural, cultural, and
 - (5) The first burial ground, Founders' Cemetery, on Vickery Creek, was closed in 1860. Later, all who were members of the (5) The first burial ground, Founders' Cemetery, on Vickery Creek, was closed in 1860. Later, all who were members of the Presbyterian Church were buried in the new cemetery on the church property. A stream, with a small bridge, at the foot of the hill separated the church grounds from the cemetery. Though the highway later divided the property, it remained the church compared and the town score grow for heaven. historical interpretation found in the region. cemetery, and the town soon grew far beyond.













































































